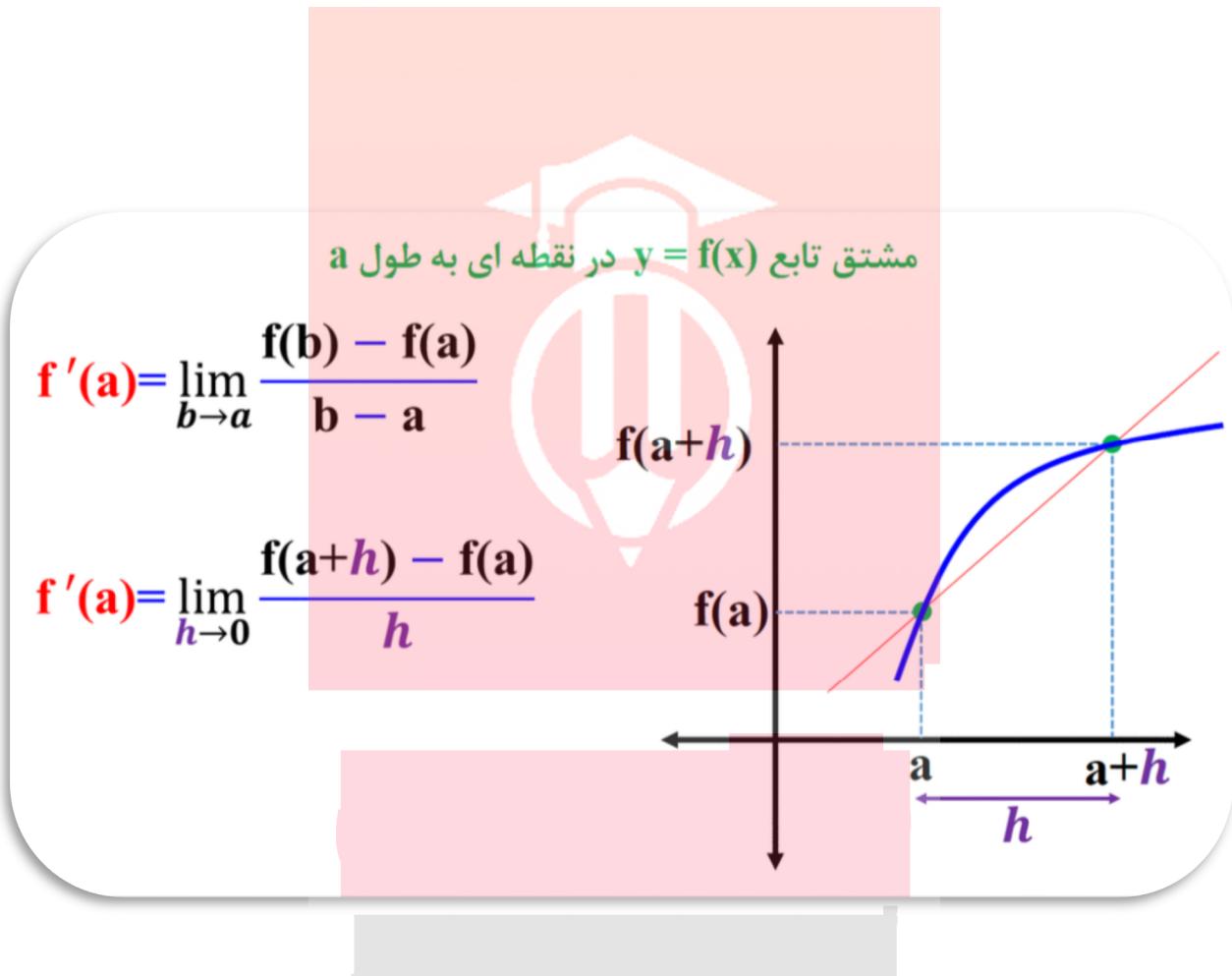


فرمول های مشتق گیری



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توجه:

- در تمام فرمول های زیر u و v توابعی از x هستند.
- ضرایب a, b, c, d, m, n ثابت عددی هستند.

تابع	مشتق	مثال
$y = a$	$y' = 0$	$y = -\delta \Rightarrow y' = 0$
$y = x^n$	$y' = n x^{n-1}$	$y = x^\delta \Rightarrow y' = \delta x^{\delta-1}$
$y = u \pm v \pm \dots$	$y = u' \pm v' \pm \dots$	$y = x^\delta - x^\gamma \Rightarrow y' = \delta x^{\delta-1} - \gamma x^{\gamma-1}$
$y = au \pm bv \pm \dots$	$y' = au' \pm bv' \pm \dots$	$y = \gamma x^\gamma + \delta x^\delta - \delta \sin x \Rightarrow y' = \gamma x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1} - \delta \cos x$
$y = au^n$	$y' = a \cdot n \cdot u' \cdot u^{n-1}$	$y = -\gamma(x^\gamma + \delta x^\delta)^{10} \Rightarrow y' = (-\gamma)(10)(\gamma x + \delta)(x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1})^9$
$y = uv$	$y' = u'v + v'u$	$y = x^\delta(\sin x) \Rightarrow y' = \delta x^{\delta-1}(\sin x) + (\cos x) \cdot x^\delta$
$y = \frac{u}{a}$	$y' = \frac{u'}{a}$	$y = \frac{x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1}}{\delta} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\gamma x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1}}{\delta}$
$y = \frac{u}{v}$	$y' = \frac{u'v - v'u}{v^2}$	$y = \frac{\gamma x^{\gamma-1}}{\sin x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(\gamma x^{\gamma-1})(\sin x) - (\cos x)(\gamma x^{\gamma-1})}{\sin^2 x}$
$y = \frac{a}{x}$	$y' = \frac{-a}{x^2}$	$y = \frac{\gamma}{x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-\gamma}{x^2}$
$y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$	$y' = \frac{ad-bc}{(cx+d)^2}$	$y = \frac{\delta x - \gamma}{\gamma x + \delta} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(\delta)(1) - (-\gamma)(\gamma)}{(\gamma x + \delta)^2} = \frac{11}{(\gamma x + \delta)^2}$
$y = \frac{au+b}{cu+d}$	$y' = \frac{ad-bc}{(cu+d)^2} u'$	$y = \frac{\gamma x^{\gamma-1} - \delta}{-\delta x^{\delta-1} + \gamma} \Rightarrow$ $y' = \frac{(\gamma)(\gamma) - (-\gamma)(-\delta)}{(-\delta x^{\delta-1} + \gamma)^2} (\delta x^{\delta-1}) = \frac{-\gamma}{(-\delta x^{\delta-1} + \gamma)^2} (\delta x^{\delta-1})$
$y = \sqrt{x}$	$y' = \frac{1}{\gamma \sqrt{x}}$	$y = \delta \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow y' = \delta \left(\frac{1}{\gamma \sqrt{x}} \right)$
$y = \sqrt{u}$	$y' = \frac{u'}{\gamma \sqrt{u}}$	$y = \sqrt{x^{\delta-1} + \gamma x^{\gamma-1} - \sin x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\delta x^{\delta-1} + \gamma - \cos x}{\gamma \sqrt{x^{\delta-1} + \gamma x^{\gamma-1} - \sin x}}$
$y = \sqrt[m]{x^n}$	$y' = \frac{n}{m \sqrt[m]{x^{m-n}}}$	$y = \sqrt[m]{x^{\gamma-1}} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\gamma}{\delta \sqrt[m]{x^{\gamma-1}}}$
$y = \sqrt[m]{u^n}$	$y' = \frac{n u'}{m \sqrt[m]{u^{m-n}}}$	$y = \sqrt[m]{(x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1})^{\gamma}} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\gamma(\gamma x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1})}{\gamma \sqrt[m]{(x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1})^{\gamma-1}}}$
$y = x $	$y' = \frac{x}{ x }$	$y = -\delta x \Rightarrow y' = (-\delta) \frac{x}{ x }$
$y = u $	$y' = \frac{u' \cdot u}{ u }$	$y = \gamma x + \delta \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(\gamma x + \delta)(x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1})}{ x^{\gamma-1} + \delta x^{\delta-1} }$
$y = \sin x$	$y' = \cos x$	$y = \gamma \sin x \Rightarrow y' = \gamma \cos x$
$y = \sin u$	$y' = u' \cdot \cos u$	$y = \sin \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{\gamma \sqrt{x}} \times \cos \sqrt{x}$
$y = \cos x$	$y' = -\sin x$	$y = \delta \cos x \Rightarrow y' = -\delta \sin x$
$y = \cos u$	$y' = -u' \cdot \sin u$	$y = \cos(x^{\gamma-1} - \delta x^{\delta-1}) \Rightarrow y' = -(\gamma x^{\gamma-1} - \delta x^{\delta-1}) \sin(x^{\gamma-1} - \delta x^{\delta-1})$
$y = \tan x$	$y' = (1 + \tan^2 x)$	$y = \delta \tan x \Rightarrow y' = \delta(1 + \tan^2 x)$
$y = \tan u$	$y' = u' (1 + \tan^2 u)$	$y = \tan(x^{\gamma-1}) \Rightarrow y' = \gamma x^{\gamma-2} (1 + \tan^2(x^{\gamma-1}))$

$y = \cot x$	$y' = -(\cot x + \cot^2 x)$	$y = \cot x \Rightarrow y' = -(-\cot x - \cot^2 x)$
$y = \cot u$	$y' = -u(\cot u + \cot^2 u)$	$y = \cot(x^\alpha - \gamma x) \Rightarrow y' = -(\alpha x^{\alpha-1} - \gamma)(\cot(x^\alpha - \gamma x) + \cot^2(x^\alpha - \gamma x))$
$y = \text{Arc sin } x$	$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$y = \text{Arc sin } x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$y = \text{Arc sin } u$	$y' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$	$y = \text{Arc sin}(x^\alpha) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\alpha x^{\alpha-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$y = \text{Arc cos } x$	$y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$y = \text{Arc cos } x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$y = \text{Arc cos } u$	$y' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$	$y = \text{Arc cos}(x^\alpha - \alpha x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-(\alpha x - \alpha)}{\sqrt{1-(x^\alpha - \alpha x)^2}}$
$y = \text{Arc tan } x$	$y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$	$y = \text{Arc tan } x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$y = \text{Arc tan } u$	$y' = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$	$y = \text{Arc tan}(x^\alpha + \alpha x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\alpha x^{\alpha-1} + \alpha}{1+(x^\alpha + \alpha x)^2}$
$y = \text{Arc cot } x$	$y' = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$	$y = \text{Arc cot } x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$
$y = \text{Arc cot } u$	$y' = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2}$	$y = \text{Arc cot}(x^\alpha - \alpha x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-(\alpha x - \alpha)}{1+(x^\alpha - \alpha x)^2}$
$y = e^x$	$y' = e^x$	$y = e^x \Rightarrow y' = e^x$
$y = e^u$	$y' = u \cdot e^u$	$y = e^{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} e^{\sqrt{x}}$
$y = a^x$	$y' = a^x \cdot \ln a$	$y = a^x \Rightarrow y' = a^x \cdot \ln a$
$y = a^u$	$y' = u' \cdot a^u \cdot \ln a$	$y = a^{(\sqrt{x})} \Rightarrow y' = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \cdot a^{(\sqrt{x})} \cdot \ln a$
$y = \ln x$	$y' = \frac{1}{x}$	$y = -\ln x \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{1}{x}$
$y = \ln u$	$y' = \frac{u'}{u}$	$y = \ln(x^\alpha + \alpha x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{\alpha x^{\alpha-1} + \alpha}{x^\alpha + \alpha x}$
$y = \log_a^x$	$y' = \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln a}$	$y = \log_{10}^x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln 10}$
$y = \log_a^u$	$y' = \frac{u'}{u \cdot \ln a}$	$y = \log_{10}^{(x^\alpha - \sin x)} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(x^\alpha - \cos x)}{(x^\alpha - \sin x) \cdot \ln 10}$
$y = [x]$	$y' = \begin{cases} \circ & x \notin \mathbb{Z} \\ \emptyset & x \in \mathbb{Z} \end{cases}$	www.my-dars.ir

تهیه و تنظیم: عزیز اسدی